# The Importance of Investing in Early On<sup>®</sup> in the State of Michigan

Testimony to the House Appropriations Subcommittee on School Aid and Education

March 14, 2024





## **Early Childhood Lens**

- 80% of a Child's Brain Develops by the Age of Three
- Critical Time for Growth & Development
- Support is Essential for Positive Outcomes

# Nicole Hamp, MD, MPA, FAAP

- Developmental Behavioral Pediatrician
- Medical Director, Arbor Autism Centers
- Adjunct Clinical Assistant Professor, University of Michigan Medical School
- Autism Alliance of Michigan, Board Member
- Early On Michigan Foundation, Board Member
- American Academy of Pediatrics Council on Early Childhood, State Liaison
- House District 23

Contact info: <u>nferszt@med.umich.edu</u>; cell (248) 561-5770

### **Developmental Delay and Disability in the U.S.**

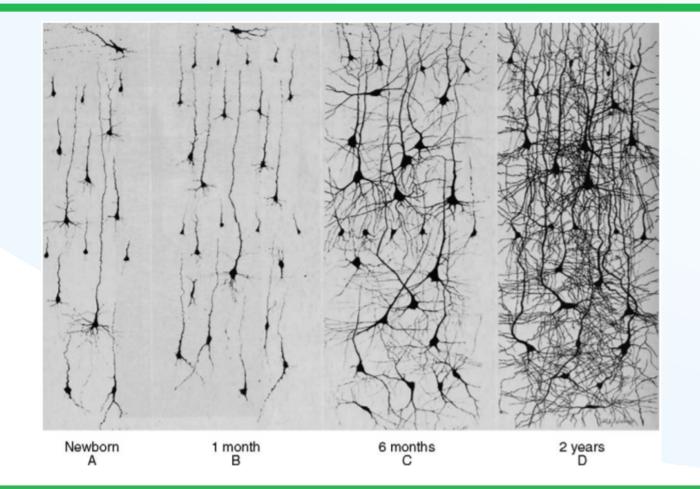
# In the U.S., about **1** in **6** children have a developmental disability.





https://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/developmentaldisabilities/index.html

### **Brain Development**



Adapted from Courchesne E, Pierce K. Brain overgrowth in autism during a critical time in development: implications for frontal pyramidal neuron and interneuron development and connectivity. Int J Dev Neurosci 2005; 23:153-70

### Individuals with Disabilities Education Act



https://www.newamerica.org/education-policy/edcentral/supporting-a-strong-start-for-children-with-

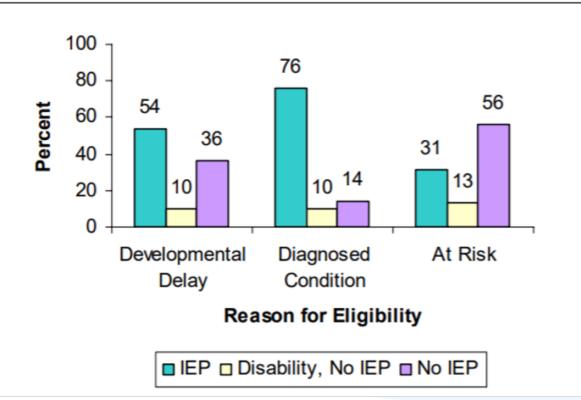
\_\_\_\_\_

# **Early Intervention Improves Outcomes**

#### Infants and toddlers in El experience:

- Increased motor, social and cognitive functioning;
- Improved acquisition of age appropriate skills;
- Reduced negative impacts of their disabilities.
- 54% of children who received EI exited functioning at, or above, age level in overall academic skills
- Most of the children (69%) who were eligible for El because of a risk condition were not enrolled in special education at kindergarten
- 46% of children who had received El for developmental delay were not enrolled in special education at kindergarten

#### RECEIPT OF SPECIAL EDUCATION AND DISABILITY STATUS OF FORMER EI PARTICIPANTS AT KINDERGARTEN, BY REASON FOR ELIGIBILITY



Hebbeler, K, et al. (2007). Early intervention for infants & toddlers with disabilities and their families: participants, services, and outcomes. Final Report of the National Early Intervention Longitudinal Study (NEILS).

### **Cost Efficiency**

- For every dollar spent, intervening early can save up to \$17 in future costs
- Early intervention services are 2.5x less costly than special education services in preschool and elementary years
- Michigan contributed NO STATE FUNDING to Early On until 2018

## **Early Intervention Eligibility**

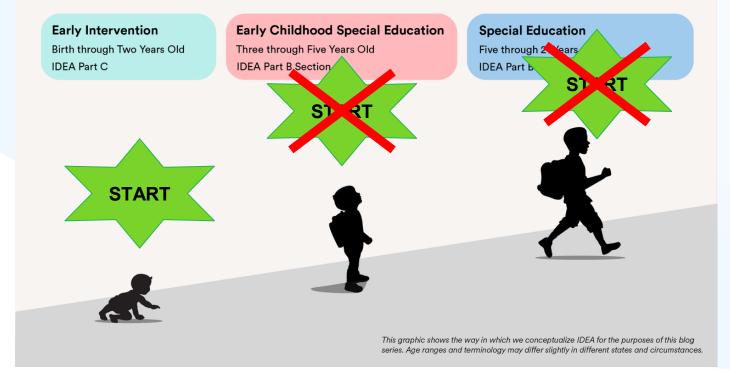
### Children from birth to age 3 plus:

is experiencing a medically diagnosed physical or mental condition that typically results in developmental delay like Down Syndrome, Cerebral Palsy or Rett syndrome; OR is **experiencing a delay** (20% or greater) in one or more of the following areas: cognitive, physical, socialemotional, communication, or adaptive; OR is at risk of **substantial developmental delay** because of *multiple* factors like homelessness, teen parent, and substance abuse.

https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-34/subtitle-B/chapter-III/part-303#303.21

### **Pre-K**

#### Supporting Young Children with Disabilities Under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act





# Christy Callahan, M.A.

- Director of Innovative Projects at Clinton County RESA
- Responsible for administration of training and outreach activities on behalf of *Early On* 
  - 1800earlyon.org
  - *Early On* Training and Technical Assistance
  - Early On Center for Higher Education
- President, Early On<sup>®</sup> Michigan Foundation Board of Directors
- Chair, MI Division for Early Childhood Governmental Relations Committee
- Here on my own time
- Grew up in Livonia, now live in DeWitt, District 77



- Because earlier makes the most difference, early intervention services are for the youngest years, birth to 3, and families
- Established under Part C of IDEA
  - Every state has an early intervention system
- Eligibility
  - 20% delay in development (or 1 standard deviation below the mean) in any domain
  - Established condition likely to result in delay (medically diagnosed)
- Home-based services
- Supporting parents and families so they can support the growth/development of their babies

# **Supports to Families**

- Target of intervention is the parent who will work with the baby between visits
- Strategies to use in daily routines to promote development and help with functioning and participating in family and community life

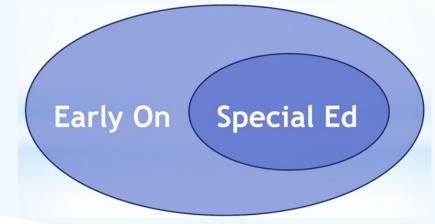
Providers include:

- Speech therapist
- Occupational therapist
- Physical therapist
- EC Sp Education teacher
- Social worker
- Psychologist

### **Michigan Structure**

Michigan was a Pioneer - "birth mandate state" since 1971

- Special education services to infants and toddlers prior to the federal mandate
- Federal mandate in 1986 initiated Part C of IDEA
  - Broader eligibility established in MI
  - Within *Early On:* 2 eligible populations
    - "Early On Only"
    - Special Ed and Early On



# **Early On Michigan Numbers\***

- 12,907 infants/toddlers eligible on a given day
- 26,386 served annually
- 42% qualify for special education
  - More frequent service, highly qualified personnel
- 58% do not qualify for special education
  - Less frequent service, not adequate to meet need



#### \*Retrieved from earlyondata.com: https://www.earlyondata.com/?service=ST&coldate=Jun2023

## **Early On Accountability: Federal Indicators**

Part C State Performance Plan/Annual Performance Report

Indicator 6: **Birth - 3** identification rate

(percent of children with IFSPs)

Ind. 6	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
MI	3.47	2.93	3.42	3.90	4.07*
US	3.70	3.30	3.66	4.01	

See earlyondata.com and https://sites.ed.gov/idea/files/PartC-IndicatorAnalysis-FFY2020.pdf

\* June count versus October

### **Annual Referrals\***

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Yearly Totals	17,242	13,689	17,635	19,158	21,845

27% increase in referrals since prior to the COVID pandemic

\*Processed via 1800earlyon.org and miearlychildhood.org statewide central intake

# Early On Michigan Funding

- **\$14.5 M** in federal IDEA Part C
- \$22.3 M in state Sec. 54d
- Reimbursement for personnel costs for special education eligible children
- Inequitable millage funding throughout the state

American Institutes for Research (2024) Early On System Costs: Understanding Early Intervention in Michigan estimates that a high quality system in Michigan would cost approximately **\$230 M** 

### **Funding Makes a Difference**

A voluntary survey of Intermediate School Districts (ISDs) in October 2022 found that all 40 ISDs who responded reported that as a result of **increased funds** through Section 54d, they either **increased the frequency of** *Early On* **services** and/or **hired more qualified staff** to perform evaluations and provide additional services to ensure families receive the support they need.

## Reasons to Increase Investment in Early On



- The science of brain development tells us that investing and intervening in the earliest years has the potential to make the most significant gains for young children
- With PreK for All expansion, we want our youngest learners, birth to 3, to receive the supports and services they need to position them for success
- 3. With the new requirement for **Universal Lead Screening**, more infants and toddlers will be referred to *Early On*
- 4. More infants and toddlers are eligible than our system can adequately serve.
- 5. An increase of \$15M in Section 54d to \$37.3 M would make a difference for our Michigan families and their young children.

### **Teri Melchert, OTR/L**

- *Early On* Facilitator at South Lyon
  Community Schools
- Occupational Therapist
- Early Interventionist

• House District 50





Contact information: melchertt@slcs.us cell: 810-599-9762

### Michigan's *Early On<sup>®</sup>* system is divided in 2 parts

 Infants and toddlers with a 20% delay in at least one developmental domain, or an established condition likely to lead to a delay, qualify for *Early On*<sup>®</sup>

#### AND

 Per School Code Section 1711(1)(f), Michigan provides special education to infants and toddlers who meet eligibility criteria under the Michigan Administrative Rules for Special Education (MARSE)

#### SO

There are TWO distinct groups of children in *Early On<sup>®</sup>*. One group is eligible for *Early On*<sup>®</sup> ONLY, and the other is eligible for *Early On<sup>®</sup>* AND Special Education (or MMSE).

### **Inconsistent Funding Streams Between Groups**

- Our bifurcated system has created inconsistencies and gaps in funding for infants and toddlers with disabilities
  - Early On Only
    - Federal IDEA Part C
    - SSA Section 54d
  - Early On plus Special Education
    - Federal IDEA Part C & SSA Section 54d and
      - Section 52
      - Per pupil funding
      - Section 51a cost reimbursement

#### One group of children has access to fewer pots of funding and less resources

### Type and Frequency of Services are Impacted by Funding Inconsistencies

- Children who are also eligible for Special Education receive more frequent and more intense services than their *Early On* Only peers
- *Early On* Only children have limited access to the array of federally qualified service providers than their Special Education eligible peers
- Disparities in ISD 0-3 special education identification rates document many children lack access to appropriate evaluation services
- Eligibility and funding streams limit children's access to the frequency, intensity, duration and array of early intervention services they are entitled to under IDEA Part C

### **Victoria Martinez**

### Early On Parent

mrs.victoria.martinez@gmail.com

## **Early On: A Parent's Perspective**

- More families can be served
- Less families will be turned away
- Increase child find activities and outreach
- Gives a good foundation for children going into preschool and this, in turn could save funding on the part B side
- Many not receiving the frequency or types of services they need and
- Many are not getting any support

### Kae Dubay kae.dubay@inghamisd.org

*Early On* Parent & Ingham Great Start Collaborative Co-Coordinator, Community Outreach & Literacy



## Parent Perspective of Early On

- Parent of a child who received *Early On* services
  - Enrolled at 18 months
  - Significant Speech Delay
    - 47% Delay
    - Non-Verbal
    - Articulation & Phonological Disorders
  - Sensory Processing Disorder
    - Regulation and Communication Struggles



# **Exiting** *Early On*

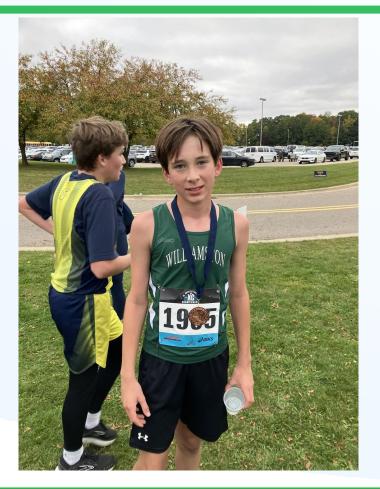
- Bumpy Road
  - Unmet Needs
- Special Education Eligible
  - 20% Intelligibility
  - Received IEP for Speech
- Outside Services
  - Occupational Therapy
  - Social Worker

### **Connection Point**

- *Early On* was the link to the additional services
  - Knowledge of Services Available
  - Accessing Services
  - Navigating Services

### Results

### Happy, Healthy, Socially, Emotionally & Academically Successful *Almost* 13-Year-Old

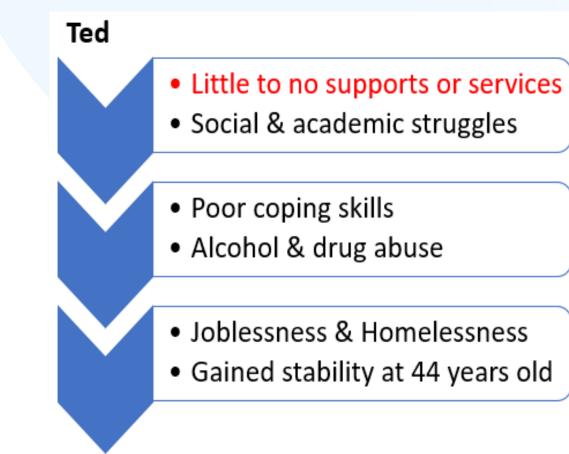


# Why???

- Sibling with Mental Illness
  - Lack of Services Available
  - "Well, he's not a cool kid"
  - Social and Academic Struggles
    - High School Dropout
    - Drug and Alcohol Abuse



### What was Different?



#### Lee

- Early On Services
- Special Education Services

#### Outside OT & Social worker services

- Socially, emotionally and academically ready at the onset of school
- Social, emotional and academic success
- Future Opportunities

## **Services/Supports Available**

- Michigan offers many early childhood programs and services, including home-based services
  - Prevention vs Intervention
- Early On is designed to target and support children with delays and disabilities
- Early On does not have income eligibility
  - ALICE threshold

## **Increased Funding**

- Less staff = less families served
- Higher referrals
- Higher neurodivergent population
- CAPTA Referrals

# **Community Outreach**

- Large majority of children are 2 years of age
- Enrolling at a younger age increases positive outcomes
- Investing Early:
  - Reduces number of children receiving special education services
  - Reduces costs in K-12 system
  - Increases positive outcomes

# Fully Funded Early On

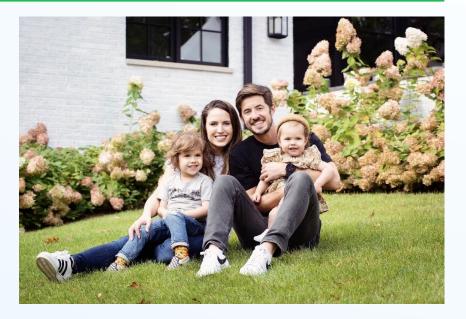
- Staff and Family Advocates in the Communities
  - Build trust and relationships with most vulnerable populations
    - Hospitals
    - Pediatrician Offices
- Shared Professional Development Opportunities
- Increase Awareness of Early On Services
- Build Trust in the Community and Reduce Stigmas
- Increase Positive Outcomes



# What a Fully Funded *Early On* System Means to Families







### Healthy, Socially, Emotionally and Academically Successful Children & Families