

# FISCAL BRIEF

## THE AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021

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### FAST FACTS

- On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Act (P.L. 117-2) was enacted into law as the sixth federal COVID-19 relief act
- ARPA includes appropriations to states in the following areas:  
 Agriculture/Nutrition, Commerce, Education, Environment, Health and Human Services, Homeland Security, Housing and Urban Development, Labor, Transportation, Treasury, Veterans Affairs, and Arts/Humanities
- ARPA also includes various short-term Tax Provisions and Direct Payments to Individuals

### INTRODUCTION

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) provides significant support to state and local governments, businesses, individuals, and other entities. The following brief summarizes components of the recovery package and provides an estimated allocation for Michigan, if available. Generally, the recovery package includes direct appropriations to the state of Michigan and its local governments for COVID-19-related activities, recovery, and cost mitigation measures; benefit enhancements for individuals; and assistance to businesses and nonprofits.

Aid to the state and local governments is provided in more detail in **Table 1** at the end of this document.

### AID FOR INDIVIDUALS/INDIVIDUAL TAX CREDITS

ARPA provides multiple forms of individual support through direct cash payments and temporary revisions to the tax code.

#### Recovery Rebate Direct Cash Payment

The direct cash payment provisions, known as a recovery rebate, will provide a direct payment of up to \$1,400 per eligible individual (\$2,800 in the case of a joint income tax return), including the dependents of any taxpayer. Dependents include full-time students younger than 24 and adult dependents.

Eligible individuals include anyone with adjusted gross income of \$80,000 or less (\$160,000 for joint filers). Rebates begin to phase out for individuals at \$75,000 (\$150,000 for joint filers). Those that file as head of household will see a phase out begin at \$112,500 and full elimination at \$120,000. Payments would be based on 2019 or 2020 tax returns, whichever tax year contains the lower adjusted gross income, and Treasury could provide payments to individuals who have not filed based on return information available to the department.

The Congressional Research Service estimates these payments will total approximately \$11.7 billion in Michigan.

## Earned Income Tax Credit

ARPA makes various changes to the Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) for 2021. The following represent ARPA changes to the EITC:

- Increases maximum EITC for adults without children from \$543 to \$1,502
- Lowers age eligibility for childless EITC from 25 to 19 and eliminates upper age limit of 65
- Eliminates prohibition on individuals with children without Social Security numbers from claiming the childless EITC
- Allows individuals separated from spouses to claim the EITC on a separate return if they live with their child for more than half the year

*Background:* The EITC provides support, in the form of a tax credit, to working parents with and without children. For 2020, the maximum credit for families with one child was \$3,584, and the maximum credit for families with 3 or more children was \$6,660. Childless workers typically receive a maximum credit of \$543 and the credit phases out at lower income levels.

For additional information on the EITC please see [here](#).

## Child Tax Credit

ARPA makes the following changes to the child tax credit (CTC) for 2021:

- Increases maximum amount to \$3,000 per child and \$3,600 for children under the age of 6 from \$2,000
- Adds 17-year-olds to eligible children
- Makes tax credit fully refundable
- Includes phase out based on income for enhanced benefit (\$1,000 or \$1,600): full tax break available to individuals who earn up to \$75,000; heads of household who earn up to \$125,000; and married couples filing joint return earning up to \$150,000 – enhanced credit is reduced by 5% of adjusted gross income over these thresholds
- Intends to distribute half of credit in equal monthly installments beginning July 2021 through December 2021; remaining half would be claimed when filing 2021 income tax return

*Background:* The CTC currently provides a credit of up to \$2,000 for each child under the age of 17. The CTC is reduced by 5% of adjusted gross income over \$200,000 for an individual and \$400,000 for joint filers. Refundability is currently limited to \$1,400 of the balance if CTC exceeds taxes owed, referred to as the additional child tax credit (ACTC). The ACTC is limited to 15% of adjusted gross earnings above \$2,500. Dependents not eligible for the \$2,000 may qualify for a \$500 credit (those aged 17-18, 19-24 and in school fulltime, and older dependents).

For additional information on the CTC please see [here](#) and [here](#).

## Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit

ARPA makes the following changes to the child and dependent care tax credit for 2021 only:

- Increases maximum credit to \$4,000 for one child or dependent and \$8,000 for two or more children or dependents

- Increases percentage of qualifying expenses eligible for the credit from 35% to 50% and the maximum amount of qualifying expenses from \$3,000 to \$8,000 for one child or dependent and \$6,000 to \$16,000 for two or more children or dependents
- Increases adjusted gross income level at which the credit begins to phase out from \$15,000 to \$125,000; percentage phases down from 50% to 20% for families earning \$125,000 to \$400,000 and includes a 1% reduction for each \$2,000 earned over \$400,000
- Allows credit to be fully refundable

*Background:* The child and dependent care tax credit provides a credit for paid expenses related to the care of a qualifying individual to enable the taxpayer to work or actively look for work. The credit is normally valued at between 20% and 35% of eligible expenses capped at \$2,100 for two or more qualifying individuals. In past years, the income level at which the credit began to be reduced was \$15,000. Also, the credit was not reduced below 20% of eligible expenses (for those earning \$43,000 or more). Lastly, the child and dependent care tax credit was not refundable.

For additional background please see [here](#).

#### Employer Provided Dependent Care

ARPA increases the amount of employer-provided dependent care assistance taxpayers may exclude from their taxable income to \$10,500 for 2021 only, which is an increase from \$5,000.

### **BUSINESS-RELATED TAX PROVISIONS**

#### Employee Retention Tax Credit

ARPA makes the following changes to the employee retention credit established under the CARES Act:

- Extends the credit through December 31, 2021
- Expands eligibility to new startups established after February 15, 2020, and companies with revenue declines of at least 90% in a calendar quarter when compared to the same quarter of the previous year
- Caps credit at \$50,000 per calendar quarter for startups

*Background:* Originally enacted under the CARES Act, the employee retention credit allows eligible employers to claim a credit for paying qualified wages to employees. As created under the CARES Act, the refundable credit is equal to 50% of up to \$10,000 in wages per employee paid by an employer whose business was financially impacted by COVID-19. As established, the credit was applicable for wages paid to employees after March 12, 2020, and before January 1, 2021. Employers could get immediate access to the credit by reducing employment tax deposits they are otherwise required to make, or by requesting an advance payment from the IRS.

For more background information on the employee retention tax credit see [here](#).

#### Paid Sick and Family Leave Tax Credits

ARPA makes the following changes to the paid leave credits established under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA):

- Extends tax credits through September 30, 2021
- Increases wages covered by the paid family leave credit to \$12,000 per worker, up from \$10,000
- Increases coverage to as many as 60 days of paid family leave for self-employed individuals, up from 50 days
- Prohibits employers from receiving credits if paid leave favors highly compensated employees, full-time workers, or employees based on tenure

*Background:* The FFCRA, as amended by the COVID-related Tax Relief Act of 2020, provides small and midsize employers (fewer than 500 employees) with dollar-for-dollar refundable tax credits for the cost of providing paid sick and family leave wages to employees on leave for reasons related to COVID-19. Employees may receive up to 80 hours of paid sick leave for personal health needs or to care for others, and up to an additional 10 weeks of paid family leave to care for a child whose school or childcare is closed due to COVID-19. Credits vary based on reason for leave – see background link.

For more background information on the paid sick and family leave tax credits see [here](#).

ARPA provides state and local government eligibility for the FFCRA paid leave tax credit. However, due to budget reconciliation the reimbursable tax credit will not be retroactive for state and local governments; effective date begins after March 31, 2021.

## **UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PROVISIONS**

### Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA)

ARPA extends the PUA program through September 6, 2021, and increases benefit weeks available from 50 to 79.

*Background:* PUA is a temporary federal unemployment insurance program funded by the federal government that provides unemployment benefits to individuals who are not eligible for state unemployment insurance. Individuals include those that are self-employed, independent contractors, individuals with limited recent work history, and other worker not covered by state unemployment insurance. Individuals must show that they cannot work due to a COVID-19-related reason – see [here](#).

Michigan's weekly benefit amount ranges from \$160 to \$362.

### Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC)

ARPA extends FPUC through September 6, 2021, and maintains the current \$300 per week amount.

*Background:* FPUC is a federal unemployment insurance supplemental benefit providing federally financed funds to individuals qualifying for any amount of unemployment benefits. The amount was originally set at \$600 per week and ended on July 31, 2020. The payment was reinstated on December 26, 2020 at \$300 per week and was set to end on March 14, 2021 prior to the enactment of ARPA.

## Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC)

ARPA increases the number of weeks an individual may receive benefits under the program from 24 to 53 and extends the length of time unemployed individuals may receive PEUC benefits if they exhaust state-insured unemployment insurance benefits through September 6, 2021.

*Background:* PEUC provides an extension of unemployment benefits to individuals who have exhausted their state unemployment benefits. As originally enacted in the CARES Act, PEUC provides for an additional 13 weeks of federally financed unemployment benefits for individuals who exhausted state unemployment benefit eligibility. This program was extended by 11 weeks, to 24 weeks, in December 2020 with an end date of April 10, 2021. Benefit amounts would mirror state benefit amounts.

## Other Unemployment Insurance Provisions

The following represent other provisions related to unemployment insurance included in ARPA

- ARPA includes a provision that will exempt the first \$10,200 of 2020 unemployment benefits from federal income tax for households with adjusted gross income below \$150,000. This provision will have a significant impact on FY 2020-21 revenues for the state of Michigan. Recent estimates have put FY 2020-21 revenue loss, when compared to January 2021 Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference, at \$600-700 million.
- States would receive full reimbursement for state costs related to waiving the one week waiting period between December 31, 2020, through September 6, 2021. This provision would retroactively reimburse states for the period between enactment and the passage of the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental (CRRSA) of 2020 (December 2020).
- Short-time Programs (Work Share) would realize an extension in full federal financing through September 6, 2021. Work share programs provide employers with an alternative to layoffs by decreasing employee work hours and allowing the employees to claim a partial unemployment benefit.
- ARPA provides that the earliest date a state would begin to accrue interest on federal loans taken to pay state unemployment benefits would be September 6, 2021. To date, Michigan has not had to borrow from the federal government to pay unemployment benefits. As of April 1, 2021, the Michigan Unemployment Compensation Fund balance was \$513.2 million. Additional background information related to Michigan's unemployment trust fund can be found [here](#).
- Full federal financing of Unemployment Insurance Extended Benefits (EB), established under FFCRA, will be extended through September 6, 2021. States are normally required to finance 50% of EB costs. EB provisions begin when unemployment rates exceed 8% for the prior three months. Currently, Michigan does not qualify for EB because the state is not in a high unemployment period.
- ARPA allocates \$2.0 billion to the federal Department of Labor (DOL) to support unemployment program integrity and improved access to benefits. DOL would be authorized to directly develop systemwide program solutions for access and integrity; distribute funds to states and territories for these purposes; and provide funds to the Office of Inspector General, Department of Justice, or other agencies to support fraud investigations and prosecutions.

## **SMALL BUSINESS PROVISIONS**

### Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)

Includes approximately \$7.3 billion of supplemental funding for PPP forgivable loans. The amount included was relatively small due to approximately \$119 billion remaining from prior authorizations. Separate legislation recently extended the application period was recently extended to May 31, 2021. Approximately \$72 billion remains to be distributed.

ARPA would expand eligibility to include more nonprofits under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code other than those listed in Sections 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), or 501(c)(19). The nonprofit must certify that not more than 15% of business is from lobbying, the cost of lobbying did not exceed \$1.0 million in the tax year that ended prior to February 15, 2020, and the organization employs 300 or fewer employees.

In addition, larger 501(c)(3) organizations and veterans' organizations that employ 500 or fewer employees and 501(c)(6) organizations, domestic marketing organizations, and covered nonprofits that employ 300 or fewer employees per physical location would be eligible.

For additional information on the PPP see [here](#).

### Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL)

ARPA provides \$15.0 billion for EIDL advance payments to businesses located in low-income communities that have 300 or fewer employees and can certify that they had an economic loss of at least 30%. Economic loss would be determined by measuring gross receipts during an 8-week period between March 2, 2020, and December 31, 2021, relative to a comparable 8-week period immediately preceding March 2, 2020. Any funds provided to a business would not be included in the gross income of the business receiving the grant.

For additional information on the EIDL see [here](#).

### Restaurant Revitalization Fund

Provides \$28.6 billion for restaurants, bars, caterers, and other eligible providers of food and/or beverages. Grants would be capped at \$10.0 million per company and \$5.0 million per physical location and would be equal to the pandemic-related revenue loss of the eligible entity. Loss would be calculated by subtracting 2020 revenues from 2019 revenues. This amount would be reduced by any PPP loans received by the eligible entity. Eligible companies could not own more than 20 locations and may not be publicly traded. Of the total, \$5.0 billion will be set aside for eligible entities with gross receipts of less than \$500,000 in 2019.

Information for grant applications will be provided on the [SBA COVID-19 Relief Options Web Portal](#).

## Shuttered Venue Operators

Provides \$1.25 billion of additional funding to support shuttered venue operators to serve as supplemental funding to the \$15.0 billion made [available](#) in December 2020. Awards would be reduced by an amount equal to any PPP award received by the eligible shuttered venue.

## **HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS**

### Continuation of Health Coverage (COBRA) Changes

COBRA health provisions generally let individuals purchase coverage through a former employer if they lose a job. ARPA provides temporary relief for individuals who have involuntarily lost a job or had their hours reduced by paying the entire COBRA premium from April 1, 2021, through September 30, 2021. An individual who left a job voluntarily would not be eligible for the premium benefit. Also, an individual who qualified for new, employer-based health insurance in a new position would also lose premium subsidy. COBRA subsidies will not count towards an individual's gross income.

For more background information on COBRA subsidies see [here](#).

### Affordable Care Act (ACA) Premium Tax Credit (PTC) Changes

ARPA would expand the premium tax credit (PTC) to eligible individuals with an income greater than 400% of the federal poverty level for two years. Currently, the PTCs are only available to individuals with incomes between 100% and 400% of the federal poverty level with subsidies more generous at lower income levels. For 2021 and 2022 there would be no upper income limit. Rather, individuals would be eligible for a PTC if premiums exceeded 8.5% of household income.

In addition to expanding PTCs to all income levels, PTCs would reduce premium percentages at all existing income levels. PTC eligibility for individuals on unemployment would be revised as well. For 2021 only, individuals who receive, or are approved to receive, unemployment benefits would pay no-premium coverage because their income would be treated as no greater than 133% of the federal poverty level. These individuals would also receive cost-sharing reductions to lower out-of-pocket costs.

Lastly, individuals who misestimated income in 2020 would be prevented from having to repay excess premium tax credits when filing their taxes and reconciling income with PTC amount.

For more background information on ACA subsidy changes see [here](#).

### Medicaid Expansion Incentives for States

ARPA includes incentives for the 12 states that have yet to expand Medicaid coverage to all adults with income below 133% of the federal poverty level under the ACA. Under current law, the federal government reimburses for 90% of the costs of coverage for those eligible under ACA Medicaid expansion. As an incentive to expand, the bill will authorize a temporary (two years) increase of 5 percentage points in the Federal Medical Assistance Percentage



(FMAP) if a non-expansion state decides to expand Medicaid coverage to all adults with income below 133% of the federal poverty level. This provision will not impact Michigan, as the state has already expanded Medicaid coverage.

#### Medicaid Postpartum Coverage Extension

ARPA provides incentives for states to provide postpartum coverage to new mothers in pregnancy-related Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) coverage from the current 60 day coverage period to 12 months. States would receive federal financing support for five years beginning with the first calendar year quarter one year after enactment. States would receive their regular matching rate for the additional months of coverage.

#### Medicaid COVID-19 Vaccines and Treatment Coverage without Cost-Sharing

ARPA requires Medicaid and CHIP coverage of COVID-19 vaccines; treatment, including prescription drugs; and treatment of conditions that complicate COVID-19 treatment, without the imposition of cost-sharing charges. This is an enhancement of FFCRA provisions, which required Medicaid and CHIP coverage of COVID-19 testing and treatment without cost sharing. States were required to provide COVID-19 testing and treatment without cost-sharing in Medicaid as part of its FMAP maintenance-of-effort requirement. The FMAP would be increased to 100% for COVID-19 vaccines and their administration.

These requirements would apply through the end of the first calendar year quarter that starts one year after the end of the COVID-19 public health emergency.

For more information on COVID-19 vaccine cost sharing see [here](#).

#### Testing, Vaccines, and Treatment for Uninsured

FFCRA allowed states to provide COVID-19 testing for the uninsured with the federal government providing 100% of the cost. ARPA would expand the option to cover vaccines and COVID-19 treatment without requiring cost sharing for one year after the public health emergency.

#### Enhanced FMAP for Home and Community-Based Services

ARPA increases the FMAP for home and community-based services by 7.35 percentage points for 4 fiscal quarters (April 1, 2021, through March 30, 2022). States would be required to use the additional federal FMAP reimbursements to supplement and enhance current home and community-based service offerings. Examples of home- and community-based services in Michigan include Adult Home Help, Mi Choice, PACE, and Community Living Supports.

#### Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) Allotment Fix

ARPA provides a technical fix to state DSH allotment calculations because of an unintended consequence of increased FMAP in FFCRA (6.2 percentage point increase). The bill would allow Health and Human Services to recalculate DSH allotments when the state received the 6.2 percentage point increase to ensure the DSH payments a state makes are equal to the total DSH payments that the state could have made for the fiscal year without the FMAP increase.



### Community-Based Mobile Crisis Intervention Services

ARPA provides 85% FMAP for community-based mobile crisis intervention services for a three-year period beginning one year from enactment. The community-based mobile crisis intervention services primarily support interventions for individuals to address mental health and substance use disorder outside of a facility setting. Services are provided by a team of professionals with at least one behavioral healthcare professional and members have specialized training in trauma-informed care. Teams are encouraged to partner with health care facilities and emergency medical services within the community. ARPA also provides \$15.0 million to provide planning grants to develop offerings under state Medicaid plans.

**Table 1: State and Local American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Pandemic Relief Funding**

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>TREASURY</b>				
State Fiscal Recovery Fund	\$195,300,000,000	\$5,654,660,000	<p>Use of funds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To respond to public health emergency (PHE) or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, nonprofits, and affected industries (tourism, travel, and hospitality)</li> <li>• Provide premium pay for essential workers (up to additional \$13/hr in addition to base pay, capped at \$25,000) – includes pay to eligible workers of the state, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work</li> <li>• To provide government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue of the state due to the COVID-19 PHE relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year prior to the emergency</li> <li>• Make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure</li> </ul> <p>Prohibited uses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Offset, either directly or indirectly, a reduction in the net tax revenue resulting from a change in law, regulation, or administrative interpretation that reduces any tax (includes reduction in rate, a rebate, a deduction, a credit, or otherwise) or delays the imposition of any tax or tax increase; applies to period between March 3, 2021 and the last day in the FY in which the funds are spent</li> <li>• Payments or deposits into pension funds</li> </ul> <p>States can expect to receive funds within 60 days of certification with the Department of Treasury</p> <p>Allows (but does not require) Treasury to split state allocation into two tranches; first payment must be made within 60 days and second payment may be held for a period of up to 12 months from certification</p> <p>States may transfer funds to a private nonprofit organization (defined under McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act <a href="#">42 USC 11360(17)</a>), a public benefit corporation involved in the transportation of passengers or cargo, or a special-purpose unit of state or local government</p> <p>Funds are available for use until December 31, 2024</p>	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	130,200,000,000	4,404,825,000	<p>Purpose of funds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To respond to PHE or its negative economic impacts, including assistance to households, small businesses, and nonprofits, or aid to impact industries such as tourism, travel, and hospitality</li> <li>To provide premium pay for essential workers (up to additional \$13/hr in addition to base pay, capped at \$25,000) – includes pay to eligible workers of the state, or by providing grants to eligible employers that have eligible workers who perform essential work</li> <li>To provide government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue relative to revenues collected in the most recent full fiscal year of the city, village, township or county prior to the PHE</li> <li>To make necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband</li> </ul> <p>Prohibited use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Payments or deposits into any pension fund</li> </ul> <p>Local governments may transfer funds to a private nonprofit organization (defined under McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act 42 USC 11360(17), a public benefit corporation involved in the transportation of passengers or cargo, or a special-purpose unit of state or local government; local governments may also transfer funds to the state</p> <p>Local funds are split into two tranches; 50% within 60 days of enactment and the remaining 50% not earlier than 12 months after the first payment is made</p> <p>Local nonentitlement funds (the funds that flow through the state) must not exceed 75% of the most recent budget for that government as of January 27, 2020 – unused funds due to this provision must be returned to federal government</p> <p>State must make payments to local unit of government (nonentitlement) within 30 days (may seek extension if administratively burdensome); if funds are not distributed they become a debt of the state owed to the federal government due from the State Fiscal Recovery Fund</p> <p>Funds are available for use until December 31, 2024</p>	<p>Yes (nonentitlement communities)</p> <p>Note: HUD Entitlement Communities and Counties will receive funds directly</p>

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Emergency Rental Assistance	21,550,000,000	570,000,000 (est)	<p>Purpose of funds:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Financial Assistance (not more than 18 months) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Rent</li> <li>○ Rental arrears</li> <li>○ Utilities and home energy costs</li> <li>○ Utilities and home energy costs arrears</li> <li>○ Other expenses related to housing (defined by HUD)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Housing Stability Services (capped at 10% of funds) – provide case management and other services intended to keep households stably housed</li> <li>• Administration (capped at 15%)</li> <li>• Other Affordable Rental Housing and Eviction prevention activities (if unobligated on October 1, 2022) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Activities must be for affordable rental housing and eviction prevention purposes for very low-income families</li> <li>○ Eligible grantee must have obligated not less than 75% of total funds allocated to grantee</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>40% of funds will be distributed within 60 days of enactment</p> <p>Not more than 15% of funds distributed to states/locals may be used for administration</p> <p>Funds remain available through September 30, 2027, if obligated by October 1, 2022</p>	Yes
Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund	10,000,000,000	249,813,000	<p>Supports "critical capital projects directly enabling work, education, and health monitoring, including remote options, in response to a public health emergency"</p> <p>Treasury must establish application process not later than 60 days after enactment</p> <p>State allocation received based on population (50%), share of population living in rural areas (25%), and share of population with household income less than 150% of federal poverty level (25%)</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	2,000,000,000	TBD	<p>Distributed to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• eligible revenue sharing counties – counties independent of other local governments that have experienced a negative revenue impact from federal programs or changes to such programs</li> <li>• tribal governments</li> </ul> <p>Funds available for any governmental purpose other than lobbying</p> <p>\$750.0 million will be distributed in FY 2022 and FY 2023 (available through September 30, 2023) – allocations to eligible counties will take into account "economic conditions of each eligible revenue sharing county, using measurements of poverty rates, household income, land values, and unemployment rates as well as other economic indicators, over the 20-year period ending September 30, 2021"</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$250.0 million will be distributed in FY 2022 and FY 2023 for tribal governments based on economic conditions</li> </ul> <p>Funds available until September 30, 2023</p>	No

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
State Small Business Credit Initiative	10,000,000,000	TBD	<p>Generally, program supports state programs that support private financing to entrepreneurs, small businesses, and manufacturers – assists states build upon and create state small business programs, including capital access programs (CAPs), collateral support programs, loan participation programs, loan guarantee programs, and venture capital programs. In its previous iteration state were required to demonstrate a reasonable expectation that each \$1 from SSBCI leverage \$10 of new small business financing.</p> <p>Expenditure of funds includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Provide support to small businesses responding to and recovering from the economic effects of COVID-19</li> <li>• Ensure business enterprises owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals have access to credit and investments</li> <li>• Provide technical assistance to help small businesses applying for various programs</li> <li>• Pay reasonable costs of administration</li> </ul> <p>Of total, \$1.5 billion is set-aside for businesses owned by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; \$1.0 billion set-aside for incentive payments to states that demonstrate "robust support" for businesses owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals; \$500.0 million set-aside for states for very small businesses (fewer than 10 employees), independent contractors, and sole proprietors; up to \$500.0 million for states for technical assistance plans under which they provide legal, accounting, and financial advisory services with priority to businesses owned by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals and very small businesses</p> <p>Secretary is required to allocate funds to states within 30 days allocation of funds to support <a href="#">technical assistance plans</a></p> <p>Funding is awarded in thirds – first third upon approval, subsequent thirds when 80% of first has been expended or obligated</p> <p>Funds would be returned to federal government if second third has not been transferred to it within three years of the state's participation approval or if final third has not been transferred after six years</p> <p>Any funds not expended by September 30, 2030 revert to federal Treasury</p>	<p>No</p> <p>(Previously directed through MSF/MEDC as primary recipient)</p>

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Homeowner Assistance Fund	9,961,000,000	TBD	<p>Provides funds to states for the prevention of homeowner mortgage delinquencies, defaults, foreclosures, loss of utilities or home energy services, and displacements of homeowners experiencing financial hardship after January 21, 2020; qualified expenses include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mortgage payment assistance</li> <li>• Financial assistance to help homeowner reinstate mortgage or pay other housing-related costs related to period of forbearance, delinquency, or default</li> <li>• Principal reduction</li> <li>• Facilitating interest rate reduction</li> <li>• Payment assistance for utilities, internet service, homeowner's insurance, flood insurance, mortgage insurance, homeowner's association dues, condo association fees, or common charges</li> <li>• Reimbursement of funds expended by a state, local government, or designated entity after January 21, 2020, and before the first funds are disbursed for the purpose of providing housing or utility payment assistance to homeowners or providing funds to prevent foreclosure or post-foreclosure eviction or prevent mortgage delinquency or loss of housing or utilities</li> <li>• Any other assistance to promote housing stability for homeowners as determined by HUD</li> </ul> <p>A minimum of 60% of each grantee's allotment must be targeted to homeowners with incomes no more than the greater of the area median income and the median income of the US; remainder must be prioritized for "socially disadvantaged individuals"</p> <p>Funds to be distributed within 45 days after enactment after receiving request from prospective recipient entity</p> <p>Any funds not requested by the 45th day will be reallocated among the states that have requested funds by the 45th day</p> <p>Funds remain available until September 30, 2025</p>	Yes



Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>EDUCATION</b>				
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	122,774,800,000	3,719,833,000	<p>State's grant distributed as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 90% for formula subgrants to districts based on their Title I-A allocations (must go out within 60 days) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ 20% of a district's allocation is reserved for addressing learning loss (summer school, before/after school, or extended school year programming)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• 5% for activities to address learning loss</li> <li>• 1% for evidence-based summer enrichment programs</li> <li>• 1% for evidence-based comprehensive after-school programs</li> <li>• Up to 0.5% for administrative costs</li> <li>• Remainder (up to 2.5%) for emergency needs as determined by the state educational agency <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Funds must be awarded within 1 year of receipt</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Funds remain available until September 30, 2023</p>	Yes
ESF – Emergency Assistance to Nonpublic Schools (EANS)	2,750,000,000	93,023,000	<p>Additional FY 2020-21 funding for services or assistance to nonpublic schools that enroll a significant percentage of low-income students and are most impacted by the pandemic</p> <p>Funds remain available until September 30, 2023</p>	Yes
ESF – Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund	39,584,570,000	1,042,158,000	<p>Direct grants to Institutions of Higher Education distributed based on full-time-equivalent (FTE) and headcount of Pell Grant student and non-Pell student enrollment.</p> <p>50% of awarded funding must be allocated for student financial aid, prioritizing students who demonstrate an exceptional financial need. Grants can cover any cost related to the overall cost of attendance or emergency costs that have arisen due to the COVID-19 pandemic, such as tuition, health care, food, housing, or child care costs.</p> <p>The remaining institutional portion of the grant can be directed to institutional costs related to COVID-19 expenses such as lost revenue, reimbursement for expenses incurred, technology costs related to remote instruction, faculty and staff trainings, campus contact tracing and COVID-19 suppression techniques, or additional financial aid for students.</p>	No
Individuals with Disabilities Act	3,030,000,000	100,966,000	Additional FY 2020-21 funding for Part B, preschool grants under Sec. 619, and Part C of IDEA	TBD

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>HHS (CDC)</b>				
Grants to states, localities, and tribes for testing	47,800,000,000	300,799,300 for school testing (of \$10.0 billion)	Includes a) grants to detect, diagnose, trace, and monitor SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19 infections, and strategies and activities to mitigate the spread of COVID-19; b) establish and expand state and local testing and contact tracing capabilities including labs, community and mobile sites, and quarantine; c) grants to establish, expand, and sustain a public health workforce  Funds available until expended	Yes
Grants to states, localities, and tribes for vaccines	7,500,000,000	90,239,800 for vaccine preparedness (of \$3.2 billion)	Includes: a) grants for enhancement of COVID-19 vaccine and related supplies distribution and administration capabilities, including establishment and expansion of community vaccination centers and staffing support particularly in underserved areas, mobile units, information technology and standards-based data sharing, facilities enhancements, communications, transportation to vaccine sites; and b) supplemental funding to equalize basis of formula funding received under PL 116-260, December 2020  Funds available until expended	Yes
Genomic Sequencing and Surveillance	1,750,000,000	TBD	Grants to increase laboratory capacity to sequence genomes of circulating strains of SARS-VoV-2 and other viruses and organisms, identify mutations and clusters of disease, and develop response strategies based on genomic sequencing and surveillance, including facility construction or renovation  Funds available until expended	Yes
<b>HHS (CMS)</b>				
Health Insurance Exchange Modernization (State-based Marketplaces)	20,000,000	0	Michigan does not operate a state-based health insurance marketplace	No
Medicaid funding for COVID vaccines	TBD	TBD	100% federal FMAP for COVID vaccine costs  FMAP available until 1 year after end of federal public health emergency declaration	Yes – through May CREC estimates
Medicaid funding for home- and community-based services	TBD	TBD	7.35% federal FMAP increase for Medicaid home- and community-based services for 1 year. Includes: Adult home help, personal care services, PACE, and other 1915 waiver services. Additional funds must be used to supplement state funds.	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Medicaid Community-Basis Mobile Crisis Intervention (Planning Grants)	15,000,000	Based on Applications	Planning grants to states who choose to develop a Medicaid state plan amendment to request Medicaid to cover mobile crisis intervention services. Also, FMAP would increase to 85% for first 12 quarters for service.	Yes
State Nursing Home Strike Teams	250,000,000	TBD	Allocation to states for "strike teams" to assist with clinical care and infection control at nursing facilities with a COVID case  Funds available until 1 year after end of federal public health emergency declaration	Yes
<b>HHS</b>				
Provider Relief Fund	8,500,000,000	TBD	Supplemental Health provider relief funds sent directly to providers; funds support health care related expenses attributable to COVID-19 and lost revenues attributable to COVID-19  Funds are allocated based on direct applications  Funds remain available until expended	No
<b>HHS (ACF)</b>				
Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG)	14,990,000,000	439,235,400	Provides additional funds to provide child care services for eligible individuals.  Authorization to use funds to provide child care assistance to health care sector employees, emergency responders, sanitation workers, and other workers deemed essential during the response to coronavirus by public officials, <u>without regard to income eligibility requirements</u> . Additionally, for these funds, waives required block grant spending percentages for quality and direct services.  Obligate funds by September 30, 2023  Includes supplement not supplant provision	Yes
Child Care Stabilization Fund	23,975,000,000	702,513,900	Provides grants to states to provide subgrants to child care providers that are either open or temporarily closed to help support their operations during the pandemic. The subgrant amount shall be based on the provider's state current operating expenses, and to the extent possible, cover sufficient operating expenses to ensure continuous operations for period of the subgrant.  Allowable uses of subgrant funds include the following:	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Personnel costs, including payroll, premium pay, or costs for employee recruitment and retention</li> <li>• Rent/mortgage obligation and other facility costs/improvements</li> <li>• PPE, cleaning supplies, or training related to health/safety practices</li> <li>• Supplies (new or updated) to respond to the coronavirus public health emergency</li> <li>• Goods and services necessary to maintain or resume services</li> <li>• Mental health supports for children and employees</li> </ul> <p>Additionally, reimbursements may also include costs of goods or services obligated or expended prior to the date of enactment (March 11, 2021).</p> <p>Requires providers receiving subgrants to certify that they are doing the following for the duration of the subgrant:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Meeting requisite state, Tribal, and local orders, and, to the greatest extent possible implementing policies in line with CDC guidance</li> <li>• Paying full compensation to employees</li> <li>• Providing relief from copayments and tuition payments, to the extent possible, and prioritize relief for families struggling to make either type of payment</li> </ul> <p>The lead agency shall process and provide funds on a rolling basis in advance of provider expenditures</p> <p>The state may reserve up to 10% for the lead agency (the Michigan Department of Education (MDE)) to administer subgrants, provide technical assistance, and increase the supply of child care</p> <p>States must notify the secretary of HHS if they are unable to obligate at least 50% of the funds within 9 months of enactment (December 11, 2021)</p> <p>Supplement not supplant provision</p>	

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Child Care Entitlements to States	633,000,000	15,000,000	<p>Permanently increased the federal matching funds available to states, which will increase the annual amount of federal funds available to the state. To receive federal matching funds, the state must meet their Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) rate through state matching contributions. The FMAP rate for these additional funds is set at 100% for FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22, which means the state does not need to contribute a state match for those two years.</p> <p>Obligated by September 30, 2021</p>	Yes
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	4,500,000,000	206,419,000	Heating/energy assistance and weatherization assistance to individuals at or below 150% of FPL guidelines; Block grant, which carries over into next fiscal year if unexpended	Yes
Low Income Household Drinking Water and Wastewater Energy Assistance	500,000,000	Demographic-related	<p>Funds are awarded to states for payments to owners or operators of public water systems or treatment works to reduce arrearages of and rates charged to low income households for water and wastewater services. Focus of funds is on individuals and families that pay a high proportion of household income for drinking water and wastewater services.</p> <p>Comparative percentage of households under 150% of FPL; comparative percentage of households spending 30% or more on housing costs. 3% of total federal appropriations reserved for Native American Tribes.</p> <p>Funds remain available until expended</p>	Yes
Head Start	1,000,000,000	34,456,000	<p>Provides one-time grants directly to Head Start agencies to supplement funds appropriated to carry out the Head Start Act. Funding is based on proportional enrollment.</p> <p>Available through September 30, 2022</p>	No (Flows through regional entity)

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Family Violence Prevention and Services	446,000,000	TBD	<p>Funding for family violence prevention and services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$200.0 million for family violence prevention and services</li> <li>• \$198.0 million for rape crisis centers to transition to virtual services and to help meet the needs of sexual assault survivors</li> <li>• \$49.5 million for grant program to culturally specific community organizations to support survivors of sexual assault and domestic violence</li> </ul> <p>Waives matching requirement</p> <p>Funding available until expended</p>	Yes
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention	250,000,000	7,188,000	<p>Grant program to states for community child abuse prevention programs. Funding to be used for same purposes as other increases to program; waives matching requirement.</p> <p>Available until September 30, 2023</p>	Yes
Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment State Grants	100,000,000	2,889,000	<p>Grant program to state for prevention and treatment of child abuse</p> <p>Available until September 30, 2023</p>	Yes
Pandemic Emergency Assistance	1,000,000,000	TBD	<p>Funds support for non-recurrent, short term benefits, in cash or other forms (vouchers) to eligible families with low incomes through the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program. Funds may (1) deal with a specific crisis situation or episode of need; (2) don't meet recurring or ongoing needs; (3) don't extend beyond four months.</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	Yes
<b>HHS (ACL)</b>				
Congregate Meals and Home Delivered Meals	750,000,000	23,721,400	<p>Increased funding for ongoing programs of food and nutrition services for vulnerable elderly adults including at least one hot or other appropriate meal per day in a congregate setting or as a home-delivered meal</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	Yes
Elder Justice Programs	276,000,000	TBD	<p>\$88.0 million for FY 2020-21, and \$188.0 million for FY 2021-22, of increased funding for ongoing programs to provide adult protective services</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	Yes

<b>Funding</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>Michigan</b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Need for Appropriation</b>
Home and Community-Based Supportive Services	460,000,000	14,471,600	Includes: a) Increased funding for ongoing programs of supportive home and community-based services for older individuals at home; b) COVID-19 vaccination activities to facilitate vaccinations of older individuals; and c) prevention and mitigation related to extended social isolation during the COVID-19 public health emergency  Funds available until expended	Yes
Family Caregivers	145,000,000	4,477,400	Increased funding for ongoing programs of support for family caregivers providing care to older individuals at home, including counseling, training, respite care, and supplemental services for information and family caregivers  Funds available until expended	Yes
Protection of Vulnerable Americans	10,000,000	315,700	Increased funding for ongoing program of state and local long-term care ombudsman advocacy and education services for long-term care facility residents and their family members  Funds available until expended	Yes
Preventive Services	44,000,000	1,389,100	Increased funding for ongoing evidence-based disease prevention and health promotion services for older individuals  Funds available until expended	Yes
<b>HHS (SAMHSA)</b>				
Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinical Expansion Grant Program	420,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to states to support certified community behavioral health clinic demonstrations (Michigan was awarded this demonstration from previous funds)  Funds available until expended	Yes
Suicide Prevention Programs	20,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to states and universities for early suicide intervention strategies  Funds available until expended	Yes
Mental Health Block Grant	1,500,000,000	41,427,000	Used and allocated in same manner as other increases to this block grant  Available until September 30, 2025	Yes



<b>Funding</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>Michigan</b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Need for Appropriation</b>
Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grants	1,500,000,000	45,106,000	Used and allocated in same manner as other increases to this block grant  Available until September 30, 2025	Yes
Community-Based Funding for Local Substance Use Disorder Services	30,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program for community-based overdose and other harm reduction services  Funds available until expended	Yes
Community-Based Funding for Local Behavioral Health Needs	50,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program for community-based address to increased behavioral health needs  Funds available until expended	Yes
Project Aware	30,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to state education authorities for increased access to mental health services  Funds available until expended	Yes
<b>HHS (HRSA)</b>				
Community Health Centers	7,600,000,000	130,268,300	Grants for expanded access to vaccines, building vaccine confidence, vaccine distribution and administration, COVID-19 infection detection, tracing, surveillance, mitigation, treatment, mobile services equipment and supplies, expand and sustain health care workforce, expand health care services and infrastructure, community outreach and education. Funds may be used for past expenditures since January 31, 2020.  Funds available until expended	Yes
Public Health Workforce	7,660,000,000	TBD	Activities to establish, expand, and sustain a public health workforce including state and local grants for: recruiting, hiring, training workers for public health positions as required to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19, personal protective equipment, data management and other necessary supplies, and administration  Funds available until expended	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
National Health Service Corps – State Loan Repayment Programs	100,000,000	TBD	<p>Increased funding ongoing state loan repayment program, known as Michigan Essential Health Provider Program for providing primary health services. Program assists primary care medical providers in the repayment of medical education loans in exchange for service in designated health professional shortage areas. Matching funds requirement does not apply. This amount is part of \$800.0 million which includes National Health Service Corps funding to individuals, not through states.</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	Yes
Nurse Corps	200,000,000	TBD	<p>Funds provided to carry out the provisions of <a href="#">Section 846</a> of the Public Health Service Act; funds support loan repayments and scholarship programs</p> <p>(This program is not run through states, it is funding to individuals)</p> <p>Funds available until expended</p>	No
Teaching Health Centers – Graduate Medical Education	330,000,000	TBD	<p>Provides for the program of payments to <a href="#">teaching health centers</a> that operate graduate medical education and for <a href="#">teaching health center development grants</a> to be used for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making <a href="#">payments</a> to establish new approved graduate medical residency training programs</li> <li>• Providing an increase in the <a href="#">per resident amount</a> of \$10,000</li> <li>• Providing <a href="#">payments</a> to qualified teaching health centers for maintenance of filled positions at existing approved graduate medical residency training programs</li> <li>• Making <a href="#">payments</a> for the expansion of existing approved graduate medical residency training programs</li> <li>• Making <a href="#">awards</a> to teaching health centers for the purpose of establishing new accredited or expanded primary care residency programs</li> <li>• Providing administrative costs and activities necessary for qualified teaching health centers receiving payments</li> </ul> <p>Funds remain available until September 30, 2023</p>	TBD
Mental and Behavioral Health Training (Health Care Professionals)	80,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to states and other entities to plan, develop, operate, or participate in training to reduce suicide, burnout, etc. within health care professionals	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Grants for Health Care Providers to Promote Mental and Behavioral Health	40,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to states and other entities for evidence-based programs to promote mental health within health care professionals	Yes
Behavioral Health Workforce Education and Training	100,000,000	TBD	Grants to eligible higher education institutions	TBD
Pediatric Mental Health Care Access	80,000,000	Based on Applications	Grant-based program to states and other entities to support pediatric mental health care through telehealth access	Yes
Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting	150,000,000	TBD	Emergency assistance to families through ongoing home visiting programs including virtual or home visits, hazard pay for staff, training family IT needs for virtual visits, diapering supplies, prepaid grocery cards. Must have a program in place serving high-risk priority populations (Michigan does) and cannot reduce current program funding or staffing.  Funds available through September 30, 2022	Yes
Family Planning	50,000,000	TBD	Increased funding for ongoing program of acceptable and effective family planning methods and services (including natural family planning methods, infertility services, and services for adolescents). Grants and contracts must be under <a href="#">Section 1001</a> of the Public Health Service Act.  Funds available until expended	Yes
<b>HHS/USDA-FNS (SNAP)</b>				
Traditional Food Assistance	Caseloads	Caseloads	Continuation of 15% increase through September	Yes
P-EBT (Pandemic Food Assistance)	Caseloads	Caseloads	Continuation of 15% increase through September; dependent upon K-12 students not receiving free/reduced lunches due to online learning	Yes
Food Assistance Administration	1,135,000,000	Caseloads	75% allocated based on share of SNAP households; 25% allocated based on percentage increase in SNAP households over past 12-month period	Yes
<b>COMMERCE</b>				
Economic Development Assistance Programs	3,000,000,000	TBD	Funds flexible investment for rebuilding local economies and hard-hit industries; tourism and travel industries would have \$750.0 million set aside  Funds authorized to be used for economic assistance authorized under sections <a href="#">209</a> and <a href="#">703</a> of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965  Funds remain available until September 30, 2022	No  (primary recipients include economic development districts and Institutions of Higher Education)

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>USDA</b>				
Emergency Grants for Rural Health Care	500,000,000	TBD	Funds to be made available 150 days after enactment. Appears "applicant" are rural health facilities and not the state. Funds for vaccine distribution, supply purchasing, revenue loss.  Fund remain available until September 30, 2023	TBD
<b>USDA (FNS)</b>				
SNAP Online Purchasing and Technology Improvements	25,000,000	Federal use only	Available through September 2026. Improve online use of SNAP (FAP) benefits; updates to EBT; mobile phone demonstration project; and retailer education.	NA
Nutrition Assistance for Puerto Rico, territories	1,000,000,000	NA	Does not apply to Michigan	NA
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	490,000,000	17,215,300	Increase to qualified WIC participants of cash-value voucher by an amount of up to \$35	Yes
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	37,000,000	TBD	Available through September 2020. Direct federal purchasing of agricultural products. Distributed through the Food Bank Council of Michigan.	No
<b>HOMELAND SECURITY</b>				
Disaster Relief Fund	50,000,000,000	TBD	Provides funds to improve financing for the federal Disaster Relief Fund for COVID-19 and other disaster assistance under FEMA; would assist with vaccine rollout efforts under FEMA and provide assistance to state and local governments at 100% federal cost share; requires FEMA to provide funeral assistance to individuals and households at a 100% federal share for COVID-19 related deaths  Available through September 30, 2025	Yes
Emergency Food and Shelter Program	400,000,000	14,277,496	Provides funds to FEMA for the emergency food and shelter program. Program offerings are not contingent on Presidential major disaster declaration. Funds supplement and expand local social service organizations (nonprofit and governmental), to provide shelter, food, and supportive services to individuals, families, and households who have economic, non-disaster related emergencies. Open to organizations helping eligible populations who are experiencing, or at risk of food insecurity and/or homelessness – see <a href="#">here</a> for additional program details.  Available through September 30, 2025	No

<b>Funding</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>Michigan</b>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>Need for Appropriation</b>
Emergency Food and Shelter Program – Humanitarian Relief	110,000,000	TBD	Supports humanitarian relief to families and individuals encountered by the Department of Homeland Security  Available through September 30, 2025	No
Assistance to Firefighter Grants	100,000,000	TBD	Provides funds to help firefighters and other first responders obtain critically needed equipment, protective gear, emergency vehicles, training, and other resources – see <a href="#">here</a> for additional program details  Available through September 30, 2025	No
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) Grants	200,000,000	TBD	Provides funding directly to fire departments and volunteer firefighter interest organizations to increase or maintain the number of trained firefighters – see <a href="#">here</a> for additional program details  Available through September 30, 2025	No
Emergency Management Performance Grants	100,000,000	2,545,514	Provides state, local, tribal, and territorial emergency management agencies for costs related to the prevention, protection, mitigation, response, and recovery mission areas to aid in implementing National Preparedness System  Matching Requirement  Available through September 30, 2025	Yes
<b>FCC</b>				
Emergency Connectivity Fund (schools/libraries)	7,171,000,000	TBD	Reimbursements to schools and libraries for internet access and connected devices, including wi-fi hotspots, modems, routers, and connected devices (computers, tablets)  Funds remain available until September 30, 2030	Not sure if schools will require appropriation

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>LABOR</b>				
Insurance Fraud Prevention, Equitable Access, and Timely Payment Fund	2,000,000,000	TBD	<p>Provides support for the detection and prevention of fraud, promotion of equitable access, and ensurance of timely payment of benefits with respect to the unemployment compensation programs</p> <p>Funds may be used for the following purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Federal administrative costs</li> <li>• Systemwide infrastructure investment and development related to purposes outlined above</li> <li>• To make grants to states or territories administering unemployment compensation programs for purposes listed above; includes the establishment of procedures or the building of infrastructure to verify or validate identity, implement federal guidance regarding fraud detection and prevention, and accelerate claims processing or process claims backlogs due to the pandemic</li> </ul> <p>States receiving funds may be required to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use program integrity tools as specified</li> <li>• Conduct user accessibility testing on any new system, as directed by the Secretary</li> </ul> <p>Funds remain available until expended</p>	Yes
<b>INDEPENDENT AGENCIES</b>				
National Endowment for the Arts	135,000,000	904,300	<p>Provides resources for grants and direct grants, and relevant administrative expenses, to state arts agencies, regional arts organizations, and organizations that support programming and general operating expenses to cover up to 100% of the costs of programs which the grants support, to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the coronavirus</p> <p>Funds remain available until expended</p>	Yes
National Endowment for the Humanities	135,000,000	1,268,300	<p>Provides resources for grants and direct grants, and relevant administrative expenses, to state humanities councils, that support programming and general operating expenses to cover up to 100% of the costs of programs which the grants support, to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the coronavirus</p> <p>Funds remain available until expended</p>	No – was previously allocated to Michigan Humanities Council

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
Institute of Museum and Library Services	200,000,000	4,171,300	<p>Provides resources for necessary expenses to carry out museum and library services</p> <p>Funds remain available until expended</p>	Yes
Community Navigator Pilot Program	100,000,000 (A) 75,000,000 (B)	TBD	<p>(A) Requires Small Business Administration (SBA) to establish a Community Navigator pilot program that distributes funds to private nonprofits, resources partners, states, tribes, and units of local government to provide free community navigator services to current or prospective owners of eligible businesses to improve access to assistance programs and resources made available by federal, state, tribal, and local entities due to COVID-19 pandemic</p> <p>(B) Additional \$75.0 million is made available to SBA to development for promotion and outreach, including the establishment of a call center, of the Community Navigator pilot program</p> <p>Available through September 30, 2022</p>	Yes
Independent Agencies – State Commissions on National and Community Service	20,000,000	TBD	<p>Funds must be used to make adjustments to existing awards and new and additional awards, including awards to state commissions on national and community service</p> <p>Funds available through September 30, 2024</p>	TBD
Volunteer Generation Fund	20,000,000	TBD	<p>Funds are used for expenses authorized under <a href="#">Section 501(a)(4)(F)</a> of the National and Community Service Act of 1990; shall be used for grants awarded by the Corporation for National and Community Service on a competitive basis</p> <p>Funds available through September 30, 2024</p>	TBD



Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>				
Transit Infrastructure Grants	30,461,000,000	263,251,091 (Urbanized area formula)  20,578,000 (Nonurbanized area formula)  1,646,524 (Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities)	100% federal cost share – no non-federal match required  Distributed by formula  Urbanized area formula award estimates can be found <a href="#">here</a>  Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities award estimates can be found <a href="#">here</a>  Funds available through September 1, 2024	No - Grants for transit service to urbanized areas are made directly to transit agencies and do not require appropriation  Yes - grants for service in non-urbanized areas are made to state government for distribution to local transit providers and require state appropriation
Grants-in-Aid to Airports	8,000,000,000	TBD	Of total, \$6.5 billion is targeted to primary and certain cargo airports by statutory formula; \$608.0 million will provide 100% federal share for a grant awarded in FY 2020 or FY 2021 for an airport development project; \$100.0 million will be targeted for general aviation and commercial service airports (nonprimary airports); and \$800.0 million will provide relief for airport concessions at primary airports, with \$640.0 million designated for small airports  Airports that receive funding must employ at least 90% of individuals employed as of March 27, 2020, through September 30, 2021 (requirement may be waived and does not apply to non-hub or nonprimary airports)  Distributed by formula; state apportionment not yet published  Available through September 1, 2024	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>HUD</b>				
Tenant-Based Rental Assistance	5,000,000,000	TBD	<p>Emergency Housing Vouchers shall be used for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incremental emergency vouchers</li> <li>• Renewal of the emergency vouchers</li> <li>• Fees for the cost of administering emergency vouchers and other eligible expenses to prevent, prepare, and response to coronavirus to facilitate the leasing of emergency vouchers, such as security deposit assistance and other costs related to retention and support of participating owners</li> <li>• Adjustments in the 2021 section 8 renewal funding allocation, including mainstream vouchers, for public housing agencies that experience a significant increase in voucher per-unit costs due to extraordinary circumstance or that, despite taking reasonable cost savings measures, would otherwise be required to terminate rental assistance for families as a result of insufficient funding</li> </ul> <p>"Emergency Vouchers":</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General defined as tenant-based rental assistance under <a href="#">section 8(o) of the US Housing Act of 1937</a></li> <li>• Eligible Individuals and Families include those who are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ <a href="#">Homeless</a></li> <li>○ <a href="#">At risk of homelessness</a></li> <li>○ Fleeing, or attempting to flee, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or human trafficking</li> <li>○ Recently homeless for whom providing rental assistance will prevent the family's homelessness or having high risk of housing instability</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Public Housing Agencies will be notified within 60 days of enactment of allocation they will receive</p> <p>Available until September 30, 2030</p>	Yes

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	5,000,000,000	63,793,681 (Nonentitlement)  86,849,402 (Entitlement)	Purpose of funds: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To provide tenant-based rental assistance</li> <li>• The development and support of affordable housing under Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (<a href="#">Section 212(a)</a>)</li> <li>• Supportive services to qualifying individuals or families not already receiving supportive services, including:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Activities listed under <a href="#">Section 401(29)</a> of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act</li> <li>○ Housing Counseling</li> <li>○ Homeless prevention services</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Acquisition and development of non-congregate shelter units, all or portion of which may               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Be converted to permanent affordable housing</li> <li>○ Be used as emergency <a href="#">shelter</a></li> <li>○ Be converted to permanent <a href="#">housing</a></li> <li>○ Remain as non-congregate shelter units</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Press Release <a href="#">here</a></p> <p>Distributions can be found <a href="#">here</a></p> <p>Available until September 30, 2025</p>	Yes (nonentitlement)  No (entitlement recipients receive direct allocation)
Housing Counseling	100,000,000	TBD	Provides grants to housing counseling intermediaries approved by HUD, State housing finance agencies, and NeighborWorks organizations (capped at 15%) for providing counseling services (under the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act) – not less than 40% shall be provided to organizations that (1) target housing counseling services to minority and low-income populations facing housing instability, or (2) provide housing counseling services in neighborhoods having high concentrations of minority and low-income populations – see <a href="#">here</a> <p>Available until September 30, 2025</p>	TBD
Fair Housing Activities	20,000,000	TBD	Provides funding to ensure fair housing organizations have supplemental resources to address fair housing inquiries, complaints, investigations, education and outreach activities, and costs of delivering or adapting services, during or relating to coronavirus pandemic – see <a href="#">here</a> <p>Available until September 30, 2023</p>	TBD

Funding	TOTAL	Michigan	Notes	Need for Appropriation
<b>EPA</b>				
Environmental Justice Grants	50,000,000	TBD	Provides for grants, contracts, and agency activities that identify and address disproportionate environmental or public health harms and risks in minority populations or low-income populations under the <a href="#">Clean Air Act</a> ; <a href="#">Safe Drinking Water Act</a> ; <a href="#">Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act</a> ; and <a href="#">Energy Policy Act</a>  Funds available until expended	Yes
Categorical Grants – Air Pollution	50,000,000	TBD	Provides grants and activities authorized under <a href="#">section 105</a> (Grants for Support of Air Pollution Planning and Control Programs) and <a href="#">section 103 (a) and (c)</a> (Research and Development Program for Prevention and Control of Air Pollution & Air Pollution Monitoring, Analysis, Modeling, and Inventory Research) of the Clean Air Act  Funds available until expended	Yes
<b>VETERANS AFFAIRS</b>				
State Homes	750,000,000	Based on applications and State share of service-connected disabled veterans	Provides \$500.0 million to the State Home Construction Fund to issue matching grants to states to provide match funding of 65% of costs of renovating or constructing state veterans homes  Funds available until expended  Provides \$250.0 million for one-time expenditures to existing state veterans homes to improve the living conditions and hospital care of veterans, to be distributed to states based on their share of veterans eligible for service-connected disability per diem payments  Funds available through September 30, 2022	Yes - for \$250.0 million distributed to homes for improved care  \$500.0 million for construction and renovation depends on state application and approval for grant