COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Marilyn Peterson, Senior Fiscal Analyst
December 2013

The fiscal information in this background briefing is based on data through December 31, 2013.
Michigan Community Colleges

- The community colleges budget provides funding for Michigan’s 28 public community colleges. Community colleges are supported through a combination of state appropriations, tuition and fees, and local property taxes.

- Each community college draws students primarily from within a district organized under statute and is governed by a board of trustees elected from within the district. Not all areas of the state fall within a district.

- Community colleges provide collegiate and noncollegiate level education primarily to individuals above the twelfth grade age level within commuting distance. Community college programs include:
  - Vocational-technical education leading to an associate’s degree
  - Education in anticipation of transfer to a four-year institution
  - Basic skills
  - Customized training/retraining for displaced workers

- 2012 PA 495 authorized community colleges to offer baccalaureate degrees in cement technology, maritime technology, energy production technology, and culinary arts.
Michigan Public Community Colleges

1. Alpena Community College
2. Bay de Noc Community College
3. Delta College
4. Glen Oak Community College
5. Gogebic Community College
6. Grand Rapids Community College
7. Henry Ford Community College
8. Jackson Community College
9. Kalamazoo Valley Community College
10. Kellogg Community College
11. Kirtland Community College
12. Lake Michigan College
13. Lansing Community College
14. Macomb Community College
15. Mid Michigan Community College
16. Monroe County Community College
17. Montcalm Community College
18. Mott Community College
19. Muskegon Community College
20. North Central Michigan College
21. Northwestern Michigan College
22. Oakland Community College
23. St. Clair County Community College
24. Schoolcraft College
25. Southwestern Michigan College
26. Washtenaw Community College
27. Wayne County Community College
28. West Shore Community College
Community College Appropriations

Community College budget was, historically, 100% General Fund/General Purpose. Recent budgets have instead been funded with mostly School Aid Fund (SAF) Revenue, with $197.6 million of the $336.0 million appropriation coming from SAF in FY 2013-14.

* Note: delayed payments of $25.8 million distributed in FY 2008 are shown in FY 2007, the year originally appropriated
Community Colleges make up 1.5% of the total state GF/GP budget

FY 2013-14 GF/GP Total = $9,193,226,700

- Community Health: $2,747,583,600 (29.9%)
- Corrections: $1,958,053,600 (21.3%)
- Other: $1,450,011,700 (15.8%)
- Higher Education: $1,132,981,400 (12.3%)
- Human Services: $1,003,000,000 (10.9%)
- State Police: $353,474,300 (3.8%)
- Debt Service / SBA Rent: $409,758,600 (4.5%)
- Community Colleges: $138,363,500 (1.5%)
Community Colleges Share of School Aid Fund

The Community Colleges budget receives 1.7% of the total state School Aid Fund (SAF)

FY 2013-14 SAF Total = $11,609,462,100
State Funding Sources

FY 2013-14 Total = $335,977,600

School Aid Fund
$197,614,100
58.8%

General Fund/General Purpose
$138,363,500
41.2%
STATE APPROPRIATIONS
Community College Appropriations

The 2013-14 Community Colleges budget provides funding for:

- Grants for community college operations

- Assistance with employer contributions to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS)

- Replacement of property tax revenue lost through creation of a Renaissance Zone within a community college’s district

- Updating and expansion of the community college virtual learning collaborative
Community College Appropriations  
Total: $335,977,600

Nearly 90% of Community College funding goes to individual operational grants for each community college.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>School Aid Fund</th>
<th>GF/GP</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>% of Total Approps.</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operational Grants</td>
<td>$195,880,500</td>
<td>$102,363,500</td>
<td>$298,244,000</td>
<td>88.8%</td>
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<tr>
<td>MPSERS</td>
<td>$1,733,600</td>
<td>$31,400,000</td>
<td>$33,133,600</td>
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<td>Renaissance Zones</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$3,500,000</td>
<td>$3,500,000</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual Learning Collaborative</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
<td>0.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTALS</strong></td>
<td><strong>$197,614,100</strong></td>
<td><strong>$138,363,500</strong></td>
<td><strong>$335,977,600</strong></td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Operations Grants: Performance Indicators Formula

- Most of the community college budget acts since FY 2006-07 have included formulas that utilized performance indicators to allocate budgetary increases or decreases from the prior year.

- FY 2013-14’s increase of $5,847,100 was allocated to college operations grants as follows:
  - 50.0% in proportion to FY 2012-13 base funding
  - 10.0% based on contact hour equated students
  - 7.5% based on administrative costs
  - 17.5% based on a weighted degree formula
  - 15.0% based on a local strategic value component
Performance Indicators Formula: Local Strategic Value Component

- Funding for “local strategic value” under the performance indicators formula is appropriated as a $877,100 line item to be distributed to community colleges that certify by November 1 that they have met certain best practice standards pertaining to economic development/business partnerships, educational partnerships, and community services.

- Local strategic value funds are distributed to qualifying colleges in proportion to the colleges’ FY 2012-13 appropriations and are effectively part of the colleges’ operations grants.
FY 2013-14 Operations Grants

FY 2013-14 Total = $298,244,000
(includes Local Strategic Value allocations)
FY 2011-12 State Aid to Community Colleges Per Fiscal Year Equated Student (FYESS)

Average State Aid Revenue: $2,078 per FYES

House Fiscal Agency: December 2013
Average State Aid Revenue Per FYES

State aid per FYES peaked in FY 2000-01 at $3,350 and declined in most years since. One FYES is the equivalent of one student with one full year (31 semester credit hours) of instruction.
MPSERS Funding

- FY 2013-14 MPSERS-related funding is allocated to each college in proportion to its percentage of prior-year total payroll. (In FY 2012-13, however, each college’s SAF-funded amount was specified in the budget act.)

- Support for community college MPSERS costs consists of:
  - $1.7 million from the School Aid Fund.
  - $31.4 million GF/GP to fund the difference between the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the system and the employer contribution cap of 20.96% of payroll set by the Public School Employees Retirement Act under 2012 legislation.

- GF/GP support has increased to fill the increasing gap between the cost to meet actuarial needs and the cap on employer contributions, effectively allowing for the prefunding of retiree health benefits.
COMMUNITY COLLEGE FINANCES
FINANCES: REVENUES
Community Colleges rely on three main revenue sources:

- State aid
- Tuition and fees
- Property taxes
Community College Operating Fund
Revenue – Statewide Totals

FY 2011-12 Total: $1,501,118,090

- Tuition and Fees: $671,124,342 (44.7%)
- Property Tax: $482,550,093 (32.1%)
- State Aid: $283,354,372 (18.9%)
- All Other: $64,089,283 (4.3%)
In recent years, the proportion of community college revenues deriving from tuition and fees has increased while proportions from state aid and property taxes have diminished.
2011-12 College Operating Funds by Source
2011-12 Fund Sources as % of Each College’s Total Operating Funds
In-District Tuition Increases Compared to Inflation

Community College In-District Tuition

Detroit Consumer Price Index

FY96, FY97, FY98, FY99, FY00, FY01, FY02, FY03, FY04, FY05, FY06, FY07, FY08, FY09, FY10, FY11, FY12, FY13

House Fiscal Agency: December 2013
FINANCES:
OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURES
Operational Expenditures

For the purposes of reporting data to the state, Michigan community college expenditures are classified into standardized categories:

- **Instruction**
  
  *Faculty salaries and benefits, lab assistants, classroom supplies, noncapital equipment, special licenses or fees for curriculum*

- **Public service**
  
  *Community use of college facilities for meetings, events, recreation, and recreation, as well as college TV and radio stations*

- **Instructional support**
  
  *Library and media services, professional development, curriculum development*

- **Student services**
  
  *Counseling, registrar, student government, student publications, specialized services for specific groups such as veterans or students with disabilities*

- **Administration**
  
  *President, trustees, financial services, human resources, legal, etc.*

- **Physical plant**
  
  *Facilities management and maintenance, utilities, security*
Michigan Community College Operating Expenditures FY 2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instruction</td>
<td>$646,690,661</td>
<td>47.1%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Service</td>
<td>$20,463,198</td>
<td>1.5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Instructional Support</td>
<td>$182,437,922</td>
<td>13.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Services</td>
<td>$177,392,791</td>
<td>12.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration</td>
<td>$181,119,874</td>
<td>13.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Plant</td>
<td>$163,896,920</td>
<td>11.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,372,001,366</strong></td>
<td><strong>100.0%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENROLLMENT DATA
Enrollment Definitions

- **Unduplicated Student Headcount**: The total number of students that have enrolled in at least one community course.

- **Fiscal Year Equated Student (FYES)**: The calculated equivalent of one full year of instruction, defined as 31 semester credit hours. Degrees are granted on the basis of credit hours, with the typical associate’s degree requiring 62 credit hours.

- **Contact Hour Equated Students (CHES)**: The calculated equivalent of one full year of instruction, defined as 496 hours of instruction. This measure can capture additional hours of instruction or student interaction that may not be included in a credit hour.
Degree and Certificate Completions

Degree and certificate completions at Michigan community colleges have steadily increased in recent years, generally tracking increases in enrollments.
FY 2011-12 Distribution of Students (FYES) By Instructional Area

- General Education: 56.4%
- Business and Human Services: 20.4%
- Developmental Education and Basic Skills: 10.0%
- Health Occupations: 7.8%
- Technical and Industrial Operations: 4.6%
- Human Development: 0.6%
- Personal Interest: 0.3%
Fall enrollments are a common measure of enrollment trends.
Most community college students are under age 25 and most are part-time students, but the average age of a Michigan community college student in FY 2011-12 was 26.4 years.
Percent Changes in Fall Enrollments By Age Group, 2006 to 2012

Recent increases in fall enrollments were proportionately greater among students over age 35, which may be a reflection of a return to school for workers displaced by the economic downturn.
State and National Enrollment Trends

Historically, trends in Michigan community college enrollments have often diverged from national trends. While U.S. community college enrollments are expected to increase in the coming years, Michigan may instead see continued decreases offsetting the recent spike in 2009 and reflecting declining numbers of high school graduates.
For more information about the Community Colleges budget, contact:

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