



## Residential Services Average Daily Population and Allocated Funding

<u>Year</u>	<u>Actual Average Daily Population</u>	<u>Allocated Funding</u>
1998	850.6	\$13,676,900
1999	865.8	\$14,934,600
2000	945.2	\$14,934,600
2001	906.2	\$14,896,600
2002	916.3	\$13,984,100
2003	916.3	\$14,997,000
2004	943.1	\$15,034,500
2005	943.6	\$15,828,400
2006	927.2	\$16,880,900
2007	932.5	\$16,925,500
2008	931.6	\$16,925,500
2009	923.3	\$17,075,500
2010	887.4	\$17,075,500
2011	874.8	\$18,075,500
2012	832.2	\$17,181,800
2013	823.9	\$16,075,500
2014	803.0	\$15,060,800
2015	822.0	\$15,475,500
2016	885.9	\$15,475,500
2017	889.3	\$15,475,500
2018	901.8	\$15,475,500
2019	817.9	\$17,825,500
2020	354.7	\$16,825,500
2021	356.1	\$16,575,500
2022	437.1	\$16,575,500

Funding for Residential Services is used to purchase residential and support services for eligible felony offenders. State and local guidelines, along with eligibility criteria, determine which offenders will receive residential services. Offenders with higher guideline scores, probation violators, parole violators, and felony drunk driving offenders have accounted for increasing proportions of new enrollments in residential programs. These increases are expected to continue as greater reliance is placed on utilizing combinations of jail and other community-based programming for straddle cell and other priority population groups.

*Source: Summary of Michigan Department of Corrections Statistical Reports; Office of Community Corrections, Reentry Administration, Biannual Reports*